Improving retrieval of IOPs from ocean color remote sensing through explicit consideration of the VSF

Twardowski and Sullivan

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<u>Basis</u>: RS algorithms to derive IOPs or biogeochemical parameters have typically been implicitly based on a single VSF shape, although we know VSF shape varies.

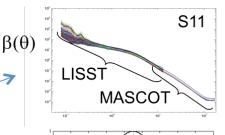
Objective: Assess the effect of varying VSF shape on semi-analytical algorithms with a modeling effort that uses high quality data sets that include the VSF, collected from a wide range of water types.

<u>Result</u>: Parameterized uncertainties associated with natural VSF variability in retrievals of leading algorithms and new VSF-containing algorithms.

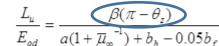


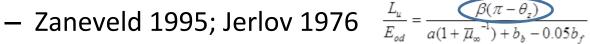


Approach

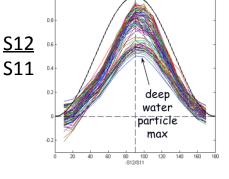


- 1) Analysis of shape variability for S11 and S12
 - 18 global locations, +1M samples
- 2) Rework AOP-IOP relationships that explicitly contain VSF shape into functional algorithms





- VSF shapes could be informed by polarimeter or selected from ancillary information or previous patterns (i.e., see 1)
- 3) Assess uncertainties in high quality data sets with closure analyses
 - 3 cruises in NY Bight from 2007-2009 (rad: Hooker)
 - MOBY site in 2007 (rad: McClain, Lewis, Voss, Trees)
 - BUOSSOLE site in 2008 (rad: McClain, Lewis, Voss, Trees)
- 4) Assess uncertainties in leading semi-analytical algorithms and explicit VSF-containing algorithms with high quality data



Near term "to do"

- Reprocess highest quality data sets using most up-to-date protocols (see Sullivan and Twardowski...)
- Rework and invert Zaneveld (1995), Jerlov (1976)
- Start VSF shape analysis

Mid term "to do"

 Hydrolight modeling to assess closure and associated uncertainties in high quality data sets (postdoc...)



Synergies

- Zhang et al. project investigating
 VSF biogeochemical linkages
- Projects assessing performance of current algorithms in the context of PACE
- Sullivan and Twardowski project improving uncertainties in IOP measurements

